[APRIL, MDCCLXX.] [NUMB. 229.]

THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

T U E S D A Y, APRIL 24, 1770.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

IT was this Day ordered by his Honour the LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR in Council, that the Names of the Juſtices aſſigned to keep the Peace in this Province, be publiſhed in the Gazettes, which are as follows, *viz.*

JUSTICES QUORUM UNUS, *&c.* Hon. Othniel Beale, Henry Middleton, Egerton Leigh, his Majeſty's Attorney-General, John Drayton, Daniel Blake, John Burn, Thomas Skottowe, Eſqrs. Sir John Colleton, Bart. Daniel Moore, Eſq; Members of his Majeſty's Council; Robert Pringle, Rawlins Lowndes, Daniel Doyley, George-Gabriel Powell, John Murray, Eſqrs. his Majeſty's Aſſiſtant-Judges; Hon. Peter Manigault, Eſq; Speaker of the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly; James Simpſon, Eſq; Clerk of his Majeſty's Council; Dougal Campbell, Eſq; Clerk of his Majeſty's Pleas, Edward Fenwicke, George Saxby, Benjamin Smith, Eſqrs.

JUSTICES *for* BERKLEY COUNTY. Hon. Othniel Beale, Henry Middleton, Egerton Leigh, his Majeſty's Attorney-General, John Drayton, Daniel Blake, John Burn, Thomas Skottowe, Eſqrs. Sir John Colleton, Bart. Daniel Moore, Eſq; Members of his Majeſty's Council; Robert Pringle, Rawlins Lowndes, Daniel Doyley, George-Gabriel Powell, John Murray, Eſqrs. his Majeſty's Aſſiſtant-Judges; Peter Manigault, Eſq; Speaker of the Commons Houſe of Aſſembly; James Simpſon, Eſq; Clerk of his Majeſty's Council, Dougal Campbell, Eſq; Clerk of his Majeſty's Pleas; William Burrows, Eſq; Maſter of his Majeſty's Court of Chancery; John Troup, Eſq; Regiſter of his Majeſty's Court of Chancery; James Johnſton, Eſq; Clerk of his Majeſty's Crown and Peace; Edward Fenwicke, George Saxby, Benjamin Smith, Gabriel Manigault, John Wragg, John Ainſlie, Eſqrs Hon. John Stuart, Eſq; his Majeſty's Agent and Superintendant of Indian Affairs; Nathaniel Broughton, Alexander Frazer, Jacob Motte, Hon. Auguſtus Johnſton, Eſq; Judge of his Majeſty's Court of Vice-Admiralty; Iſaac Mazyck, jun. Lionel Chalmers, Moſes Thomſon, Henry Ravenel, Samuel Thomas, John Chevilette, Edmund Bellinger, Robert Williams, William Moultrie, James Parſons, Robert Williams, jun. Charles Pinckney, John Pearſon, George Murray, William Briſbane, John Savage, of Charles-Town, Richard Lambton, Alexander Garden, Jeremiah Savage, Benjamin Simons, William Hopton, James Leſlie, George-Paddon Bond, Philip Porcher, John Hume, David Rhind, John Hamilton, James Reid, Henry Smith, William Roper, David Oliphant, John Rutledge, John Joor, Gavin Pou, John Bull, William Sanders, Robert Briſbane, William Maſon, William Maſſey, Benjamin Guerard, Lewis Golſton, Thomas Heyward, Frederick-Nicholas Meyer, Benjamin Simons, jun. Benjamin Marion, jun. Chriſtopher Rowe, John Mackenzie, John Parker, William Tucker, Arthur Middleton, William-Henry Drayton, John Moore, Robert Johnſton, John Matthews, of John's-Iſland, Andrew Hibben, John Izard, Hopkin Price, Thomas Evance, Henry Peronneau, John Livingſton, Roger-Peter Handaſyde Hatley, William Logan, John Remington, Robert Philp, Benjamin Smith, of Gooſe-Creek, Job Marion, Gabriel Marion, John Colcock, Rowland Rugeley, William Thomſon, Richard-Bohun Baker, William Arthur, John Poaug, Henry Patrick, William Young, John Nevin, James Mayſon, Iſaac Rivers, Henry Rugeley, Thomas Green, Benjamin Farrar, Thomas Fuller, Joſeph Wigfall, Joſeph Maybank, Eſquires.

JUSTICES *for* COLLETON COUNTY. James Stobo, James Skirving, John Cheviletre, William Boone, Thomas Hutchinſon, James Poſtell, George Logan, William Maxwell, James Carſon, Andrew Leitch, Edward Perry, Francis Yonge, Gavin Pou, Hon. John Stuart, Hugh Wilſon, Stephen Bull, James Reid, James Parſons, Charles Pinckney, Philip Smith, Patrick Calhoun, William Calhoun, James Donnom, Joſeph Glover, Thomas Ferguſon, Thomas Bee, Lewis Golſton, John Fairchild, Frederick-Nicholas Meyer, Joſiah Perry, John Pickens, John-Lewis Gervais, Chriſtopher Rowe, Lewis Powell, John Matthews, of John's-Iſland, Andrew Cunningham, James Hamilton, James Skirving, jun. William Gibbes, Benjamin Jenkins, William Barnard, John Freer, John Pickens, jun. John Hunt, William Swinton, Robert Ballingall, John Savage, of Ninety-Six, James Mayſon, Henry Patrick, John Purvis, William Young, Thomas Young, John Mitchell, of Saltketcher, Thomas Holman, Eſquires.

JUSTICES *for* GRANVILLE COUNTY. Stephen Bull, Benjamin Garden, Richard Wallace, Daniel Pepper, John Dicks, Patrick Calhoun, Stephen Drayton, William Calhoun, John-Lewis Bourquin, John Tinckler, Samuel Porcher, John-Lewis Gervais, Hon. John Stuart, Thomas Young, William Elliott, Andrew Agnew, Richard Holloway, Richard Proctor, Thomas Camber, Robert Philp, Cornelius Dupont, John Bull, Adrian Meyer, James Linley, Alexander Cameron, John-Lewis-Du-Meſne De Saint Pierre, John Purvis, Parker Caradine, David Giroud, John Johnſton, jun. John Savage, of Ninety-Six, James Mayſon, David Zubly, John Gavin, John Hunt, Eſquires.

JUSTICES *for the* CHEROKEE DISTRICT. Hon. John Stuart, Alexander Cameron, Edward Wilkinſon, Eſquires.

JUSTICES *for* CRAVEN COUNTY. Samuel Wragg, Paul Trapier, Job Rothmaller, George Pawley, Elias Horry, Richard Richardſon, Charles Cantey, John Palmer, John Hentie, Thomas Lynch, Archibald Baird, John Livingſton, George Hicks, James Luſke, Wood Furman, Nathan Alexander, Edward Jermain, Alexander Mackintoſh, Henry Caſſels, Jacob Gourdine, Peter Sinkler, Joſeph Briton, Iſaac Porcher, Charles Fyffe, Thomas Godfrey, Benjamin Young, Philip Porcher, Daniel Horry, John Cantey, Joſiah Alliſon, Thomas Fletchall, John Pickens, Thomas Wade, William Alliſon, Robert Herriott, Edward Wilkinſon, John MacDonald, John Jennerette, Theodore Gourdine, John-Newman Oglethrope, Paul Douxſaint, Joſhua Scriven, Andrew Brunette, Hon. John Stuart, John Gaſton, John Alran, Claudius Pegues, James M'Cants, David Fulton, James Patton, John Perkins, James Lynah, James Simpſon, of Craven County, William Tucker, John Cantzon, Jacob Motte, jun. Thomas Evance, Joſeph Dubourdieu, William Thomſon, Samuel Neſmith, John Brockington, Robert Goodwin, Maurice Simons, Peter Simons, William Alliſon, jun. John Ford, Philip Pearſon, Elias Horry, jun. John Hamilton, John Winn, Robert Weaver, Iſaac Marion, Charles Lewis, Henry Patrick, Peter Grant, Philip Pledger, Peter Mouzon, Joſeph Brown, of Broad-River, Andrew Alliſon, Samuel Cannon, Elias Hollingſworth, John Caldwell, Thomas Waddleton, Thomas Gordon, William Woofford, John Savage, of Ninety-Six, James Mayſon, William Arthur, John Egan, William Dixon, Robert Cunningham, John Thomas, James Ford, James Linley, Michael Dickhert, Thomas Green, Benjamin Farrar, Charles-Auguſtus Steward, Dennis Hanker, Thomas Freer, Ralph Smith, James Cary, Eſquires.

By his Honour's Command,

JAMES SIMPSON, C. C.

April 11th, 1770.

WHEREAS by an Act of the General Aſſembly, lately paſſed; Commiſſioners are appointed for Building a COMMON GOAL in Charles-Town, on the public Land near the Work-Houſe: Theſe are therefore to give Notice, to any Perſon or Perſons, who are willing to undertake the Building of the ſaid GOAL, and to find all the Materials for the ſame; for which ready Money will be paid, agreeable to a Plan to be ſeen in the Hands of the Subſcriber; that they do give in their Propoſals ſealed up, in order to be laid before the Commiſſioners, at their Meeting on the firſt Tueſday in May next.

THOMAS FARR, jun.

COPY of the AGREEMENT entered into the 21ſt of February laſt, and ſubſcribed by about *One Hundred* and *Thirty* MERCHANTS and FACTORS in *Charles-Town. Now publiſhed by Direction of the* GENERAL COMMITTEE.

WHEREAS the RESOLUTIONS entered into by the Inhabitants of this Province, "*to "prevent the importation of* EUROPEAN *and* EAST INDIA "GOODS *and* WINES, *until the Colonies are reſtored to their "antient Freedom,*" will be defective, whilſt MASTERS OF VESSELS, and other TRANSIENT PERSONS, are permited to take an undue Advantage of the Times, to the great Detriment of the Merchant, and import Quantities of Goods and Wines for Sale; thereby rendering ineffectual the ſalutary Intention of the ſaid Reſolutions. IN ORDER THEREFORE to remedy a Proceeding ſo pernicious in its Conſequences, WE, the under-written, do hereby agree, that *we will not, upon any Conſideration, employ or freight any Veſſel* (except ſuch as are chartered and ſhall arrive by the firſt of July next) *or ſell any Produce of this Colony to or for* any MASTER *of Veſſel or* TRANSIENT PERSON, *who ſhall refuſe to* STORE *or* RESHIP, *by the firſt Opportunity, the Articles by them imported,* or who ſhall even *attempt,* in any Manner, to *diſpoſe of them* in this Province, until a general Importation takes place.

Given under our Hands this 21ſt Day of February, 1770.

To be SOLD by AUCTION,

On Wedneſday the 25th, and Thurſday the 26th of this inſtant April;

By NICHOLAS LANGFORD,

BOOKSELLER, *on the Bay,*

A Collection of BOOKS,

Including thoſe of a GENTLEMAN leaving the Province, among which are Rapin's Hiſtory and Continuation, *with the cuts,* 5 *Vol.* Henry on the Bible, 5 Vol. Johnſon's Dictionary, 2 Vol. Pier Williams's Reports, 3 Vol. Univerſal Hiſtory ancient and modern, 56 Vol. London Magazine, *from the Beginning,* 32 Vol. &c.

☞ A Printed Catalogue will be timely delivered.

NOTICE is hereby given for the laſt Time, that the Co-partnerſhip of CROSBY & TOOMER, did actually expire with the 16th Day of *September* laſt, whatever ſome People may pretend, and others really think to the contrary.—They therefore hope all concerned, will avail themſelves of this friendly (but laſt) Notice, there being an abſolute Need of a ſpeedy Settlement of ſaid Concerns. CROSBY & TOOMER.

THE Subſcriber carries on the Buſineſs now by himſelf, in all its Branches; he will uſe his utmoſt Endeavour to pleaſe and oblige all thoſe that may favour him with their Buſineſs, and at as reaſonable rates as poſſible.

His very pleaſantly ſituated, and commodious HOUSE in *Anſonborough,* will be finiſhed in about a Month. Any Perſon who may want ſuch a convenient Tenement, may apply to TIMOTHY CROSBY.

EDWARD JOYCE's famous AMERICAN BALSAM, which has proved ſerviceable in moſt of the Diſorders mentioned in the Directions, is to be ſold by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet.

A JOURNEYMAN PRINTER, who underſtands his Buſineſs, and will give cloſe Application thereto, will meet with extraordinary Encouragement, by applying to the Printer of this Paper.

THE Subſcriber intending to depart the Province, early in the Spring, gives Notice to all Perſons having any Demands on him, to call and receive Payment.

AND,

In order to entitle himſelf to the Benefit of the Proviſo in the 9th Paragraph of the Act of the General Aſſembly of this Province, commonly called the Attachment Act, he further gives Notice, that he is ready to appear, anſwer, and, if the Laws, on the Exigency of the Caſe to require, file Bail, to any Suit, Summons, or Proceſs, that ſhall or may, in the mean Time, be commenced, ſued, or proſecuted, againſt him. ROBERT WILLIAMS, junior.

George-Town, March 29 1770.

THE Subſcriber intending to leave off Buſineſs, will diſpoſe of his STOCK OF GOODS now on Hand (on very moderate Terms, to any approved Perſon, inclinable to purchaſe the Whole) conſiſting of a Variety of EUROPEAN GOODS, ſuitable to the preſent and approaching Seaſon:—He is perſuaded no Objection can be made to the Quality of his Goods, and flatters himſelf his Terms will be acceptable, eſpecially when the Purchaſer conſiders the few Merchants in GEORGE TOWN, not enough to take off but a ſmall Part of the Produce made at WINYAH, the now certain Eſtabliſhment of the Circuit-Court, and the flouriſhing Situation the Planting Intereſt is in at preſent there. 2 m. THOMAS GODFREY.

George-Town, April 2, 1770.

THOMAS GODFREY, ſurviving Partner of GODFREY & GADSDEN, earneſtly intreats the Favour of thoſe who are indebted to them by Bond, Note, or Account, to diſcharge the ſame immediately; thoſe whoſe Accounts were contracted in *Charles-Town,* will pleaſe call and ſettle with Mr. THOMAS HASELL there, on or before the Firſt Day of *June* next at fartheſt, after the Expiration of that Day, all Accounts due ſaid Co-partnerſhip, will be put into the Hands of an Attorney for immediate Recovery: The Death of Mr. THOMAS GADSDEN, making it abſolutely neceſſary to have thoſe Concerns ſettled without Delay, HE hopes his Friends will avail themſelves of this Notice, as it will be the laſt. 2 m.

THE Subſcriber intending to purchaſe a Tract of LAND in the North-Weſt Parts of this Province, for the Benefit of his Health; and, not chuſing to own a greater Body of Land than he already does, WILL SELL, by PRIVATE CONTRACT, his pleaſant and valuable PLANTATION, on STONO-RIVER, within Sight of RANTOWLE's Bridge, containing *Three Hundred* and odd Acres of as good Corn and Indico Land as is in the Lower-Settlements: *Two Hundred and Fifty* Acres of which, is exceedingly thick timbered with Oak and Hickory, and has a fine Landing, ſo that no Part of the Tract is above a Mile to the Water, where Boats can come with Eaſe.

This Place is extremely well calculated for BRICK-MAKING, as a Yard for that Purpoſe might be made, within 200 Feet of a Canal dug out of a large Creek: Upon this Place are ſeveral convenient and uſeful Buildings, particularly a Stable, equal at leaſt, to any in this Province; an Orchard, ditched and fenced in, with a very large Number of the beſt choſen grafted Engliſh Fruit-Trees, Fifty Acres of cleared Land in Paſture and Fields, ready for Planting, and will be particularly convenient for a Gentleman, for a Half-Way Place to his Southward Plantations.

Credit will be given, if the Purchaſer chuſes.

WILLIAM WILLIAMSON.

N. B. This Land joins Meſſieurs JOHN DRAYTON, ROGER PINCKNEY, and THOMAS FULLER's.

WANTED,

A NURSE, without a Child, with a full Breaſt of young Milk. Such a one will have good Wages, and ſuitable Treatment. Enquire of the Printer.

Charles Town, March 20, 1770.

THIS is to acquaint all thoſe that are anyways indebted to the Eſtate of Mr. THOMAS GADSDEN, deceaſed, that there is a Neceſſity for bringing his Affairs to a Settlement by the firſt of next June; it is therefore hoped that all concerned will take proper Notice of this Adverti ſement, that they may avoid diſagreeable Conſequences. All thoſe who have any Demands againſt the Eſtate, are deſired to ſend in their Accounts properly atteſted, to

JAMES GADSDEN,
ANDREW RUTLEDGE, } Executors.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

A Very neat Aſſortment of GOODS; almoſt all of them but lately imported, belonging to the eſtate of Mr. Thomas Gadſden.

Any perſon inclinable to purchaſe the whole, may have them a bargain, and any reaſonable credit, giving approved ſecurity to the ſubſcribers.

JAMES GADSDEN.
ANDREW RUTLEDGE.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

EXTRACTS from the MINUTES of the Honourable COMMONS HOUSE of ASSEMBLY.

FRIDAY, *the 6th Day of* APRIL, 1770.

A MESSAGE from His Majesty's Council, by the Master in Chancery, viz.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen,

ON reading the Schedule to the Tax-Bill a second Time, we are much surprized to find the following Charge, *(to wit.)* To Jacob Motte, Esq; advanced by him to Mr. Speaker, Mr. Gadsden, Mr. Rutledge, Mr. Parsons, Mr. Ferguson, Mr. Dart, and Mr. Lynch, by a Resolution of the House of the 8th of December last, *Ten Thousand and Five Hundred Pounds*; which Sum appears by the said Resolution to have been ordered to be advanced by the Public-Treasurer, out of any Money in the Treasury, to be paid into the Hands of the above Gentlemen, who were to remit the same to Great-Britain, for the Support of the just and constitutional Rights and Liberties of the People of Great-Britain and America.

It is by no Means our Wish or Inclination to draw into Question any Points that may tend to weaken that Harmony and Confidence which has of late so happily subsisted between both Houses, and which it is our daily Study to cultivate and improve: But, Gentlemen, we must take Heed, that, in our Legislative Station, we do not compliment one Set of Virtues at the Expence of others; and it is our Duty, if possible, by a happy Combination, so to intermix and blend them, for the Public Good, that, in attending to one Principle of Policy, we do not, at the same Time, violate another.

Fully sensible that we live under a kind and gracious Prince, and are blessed with a Constitution, which has perhaps arrived at as great a State of Perfection as Human Wisdom can extend to: We cannot persuade ourselves, that a Grant of such a Sum is, in any Sense, honourable, fit, or decent; not fit or honourable, as we conceive your Jurisdiction to grant is local, and merely for Provincial Purposes; and not decent, as the Grant by the Tax-Bill, to answer the Estimate thereto affixed, is expressly declared to be, To His Majesty, and yet contains a Provision, which tacitly affronts his Majesty's Government, which has ever been, in our Opinion, gracious, mild, and good, to all his faithful People.

We do not mean to enter into any stale Altercations with you, on the disputed Claims of both Houses, on the Head of Money-Bills. Our sole View is, to apprize you of a Difficulty which occurs to us, on the Face of the Estimate, and is likely to prevent that Concurrence, which is absolutely necessary to give Effect to the Bill before us; and we really apprehend, that whether we have or have not, a Right to alter or amend a Money-Bill, Points which we will not agitate at present, and which are indeed foreign to the Subject, in the Way we treat it, yet we persuade ourselves, that you can never expect us to give our Sanction to a Measure which cannot obtain the Approbation of our Hearts.

We purposely avoid to discuss, whether you can, by Dint of your own Authority, issue any Money out of the Treasury, without the Governor's Consent, or unless such Order is pursuant to any standing Law. And as, on the one Hand, we pass no Judgment, whether his Honour, in the first Instance, had a controuling Power over such Resolution, in order to prevent its Operation and Effect; so, on the other, we will not supinely rest this Subject where it must ultimately land, in Case we passed it over, lest, according to an ingenious Distinction of a Governor many Years ago, the Council's Concurrence should be construed into an express Advice of Council to the Governor to pass the same.

Upon the whole, we most sincerely hope, that you will, for the Sake of the Province, in Tenderness to expecting Creditors, and to avoid those many Evils which any Delay in the Discharge of Public Debts inevitably produces, remove that Obstacle, which at present sets the Tax-Bill at so great a Distance from our Concurrence and Assent.

By Order of the House,
OTHNIEL BEALE.

In the Upper-House of Assembly, the 5th Day of April, 1770.

SATURDAY, *the 7th* APRIL, 1770.

THE Message from His Majesty's Council, dated the 5th Instant, which was brought to this House Yesterday, by the Master in Chancery, being read; and it appearing to the House, that the said Message was conceived in Terms indecent, and most injurious to the Honour of this House. It was

Ordered, That, to avoid all Altercations and Difference with His Majesty's Council, the said Message be returned to them, for their calm and serious Re-consideration, together with the Tax-Bill that accompanied the same.

Ordered, That a Message be prepared, to be sent to His Majesty's Council, to acquaint them, that, in order to avoid all Altercations and Difference with them, this House hath thought proper to return them their Message to this House of the 5th Instant, for their calm and serious Re-consideration, together with the Tax-Bill.

According to Order, the following MESSAGE was prepared, viz.

"*Honourable Gentlemen,*

"IN order to avoid all Altercations and Difference with you, we return you your Message of the 5th Instant, for your calm and serious Re-consideration, together with the Tax-Bill that accompanied the same.

By Order of the House,
7th April, 1770. PETER MANIGAULT, *Speaker.*"

Ordered, That Mr. Rutledge and Mr. Benjamin Huger do carry the Message to the Council.

A MESSAGE from His Majesty's Council, by their Clerk, viz.

"*Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen,*

"YOUR Determination not to differ with us, is perfectly agreeable; though we can by no Means think your Proceeding, relative to our Message, is parliamentary or proper. We send you back the Message, and in that you see our Sentiments; to which we are determined firmly to adhere.

By Order of the House,
OTHNIEL BEALE."

In the Upper-House of Assembly, 7th April, 1770.

MONDAY, *the 9th* APRIL, 1770.

"THE House proceeded to take into Consideration, the two several Messages from His Majesty's Council to this House, of the 5th and 7th Instant: And the said Messages being severally read to the House.

Ordered, That a Committee be appointed to consider what Steps will be necessary for the House to take, upon the said two Messages of His Majesty's Council.

Ordered, That the said Committee do sit immediately, and report their Opinion thereon to the House To-morrow Morning.

TUESDAY, *the 10th* APRIL, 1770.

MR. LYNCH reported, from the Committee who were appointed to consider what Steps will be necessary for this House to take, upon the two Messages from His Majesty's Council to this House, of the 5th and 7th Instant: And he read the Report in his Place, and afterwards delivered it in at the Table, where the same was read, and is as followeth, viz.

"THE Committee who were appointed to consider what Steps will be necessary for this House to take, upon the two Messages of His Majesty's Council to this House, of the 5th and 7th Instant,

"REPORT,

"THAT they have, coolly and deliberately, considered the said Messages. And are of Opinion, that the House were induced, merely by their earnest Desire of Peace and Harmony, to return to the Council for their calm Re-consideration, their Message of the 5th Instant. But the Council returning the same unparliamentary, and unprecedented, and injurious Message; and declaring in a subsequent Message, that they are determined *firmly to adhere to the same*; the House can no longer, consistent with the Duty they owe to their most gracious Sovereign, their Constituents, or their own Honour, defer clearing themselves from the unjust Imputations contained in the said Message; and therefore have come to the following RESOLUTIONS, which they recommend to the House; solemnly protesting that, the Injury to the Creditors of the Public, and all other Evils and Mischiefs which must attend a Difference between the Council and Assembly, can by no Means be charged to this House.

"*Resolved*, That the said Message is altogether unparliamentary and unprecedented; that the Charges brought against the Privileges and Proceedings of this House, are altogether groundless, and unsupported by Truth or Justice; and manifestly tend to draw upon his Majesty's faithful Subjects, the Commons House of Assembly, the heavy Displeasure of their Sovereign, and to render them odious and contemptible to their Constituents, and to the rest of their Fellow-Subjects.

"*Resolved*, That it cannot, consistent with Truth, Justice, or Decency, be asserted or insinuated, that the Act of this House, upon which the said Message is founded, was, or is, in any Sense, dishonourable, unfit or indecent.

"*Resolved*, That it is inconsistent with Truth or Justice, and tends greatly to Sedition, to assert or insinuate, that this House hath been wanting in Decency to his Majesty, their most gracious Sovereign, to whom the House, and every Member thereof, have borne, do, and always will, bear that Faith, Allegiance and Affection, which is due to so excellent a Prince.

"*Resolved*, That it is altogether contrary to Truth, and to the undeniable Privileges of this House, to assert or insinuate, that it has not Power to give or grant to his Majesty Money, for any other Purposes than those which are merely local or provincial: And even the Excuse of Ignorance must fail their Honours upon this Occasion, in as much as every one of them must, and do know that Monies, for other Purposes, have been very often granted to his Majesty by this House, and *that* at the particular Request of his Majesty or of his Governor.

"*Resolved*, That by the Denial of the Right of this House, to give or grant to his Majesty, such Sums of Money as the Exigencies of State may require, and which its Zeal for his Majesty's Service will always induce the House to extend to the utmost Ability of its Constituents, the Council must have intended to shew a Necessity, for the Interposition of some Power to raise Money upon the Inhabitants of this Province, other than their own Representatives; and consequently this seditious Doctrine must manifestly tend to encrease the Discontents and Disorders which have but too long subsisted in his Majesty's American Dominions.

"*Resolved*, That this House have always upon urgent Occasions (of which the Council cannot be ignorant, as it appears every Year upon the Face of the Treasurer's Account) exercised a Right of borrowing Monies out of the Treasury, all which they have faithfully and punctually repaid; which Right no Governor has attempted to controul.

"*Resolved*, That to grant Money, for the Support of the just and constitutional Rights and Liberties of the People of Great-Britain and America, cannot be construed to be disrespectful or affrontive to his Majesty, the great Patron of the Liberty and Rights of all his Subjects.

"*Resolved*, That the Paragraph, of the Message, which relates to a former Governor taking the Concurrence of the Council, for their Advice to pass a Bill, serves to prove in the clearest Manner, the Duplicity of those Members of his Majesty's Council, who could, as an Upper House, pass a Bill, which they, as a Privy Council, intended to advise the Governor to reject; and cannot fail to prove, to his Majesty, the Inconsistency and Absurdity of their acting in that double Capacity, and, we hope, will induce our Gracious Sovereign, to bless this Province, with an Upper House, distinct from the Privy Council, and composed of independent Men, and Men of Property.

"*Resolved*, That an humble Address be presented to his Majesty, to implore the Royal Interposition, and to entreat him to appoint an Upper House of Assembly, upon the Plan of the original Constitution and Charter of the Province.

"*Resolved*, That an Address be presented to his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, to inform him of the Insult and Indignity offered to this House, by his Majesty's Council; and to entreat him, to procure Satisfaction to the House for the same, and thereby prevent the great Mischiefs that may arise, from a total Stop being put to the Public Business."

Ordered, That the said Report be taken into Consideration To-morrow Morning.

WEDNESDAY, *the 11th of* APRIL, 1770.

THE House (according to Order) proceeded to take into Consideration, the Report of the Committee who were appointed to consider what Steps will be necessary for this House to take, upon the two Messages of his Majesty's Council, to this House, of the 5th and 7th Instant.

The first Paragraph of the said Report being read, and a Debate arising thereon:

A Motion was made, and the Question being put, that the House do immediately proceed to consider the Resolutions contained in the said Report;

It was resolved in the Affirmative.

A MESSAGE from his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, by the Master in Chancery, viz.

"*Mr. Speaker,*

"HIS Honour the Lieutenant-Governor is now in the Council-Chamber, where he requires the immediate Attendance of this House."

Accordingly, Mr. Speaker, with the House, went to attend his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, in the Council-Chamber; where his Honour was pleased to make the following SPEECH, to his Majesty's Council and this House.

"*Honourable Gentlemen,*

"*Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen,*

"I RETURN you my Thanks for the close Application which you have given to the Public Business: And, as I have given my Assent to the several Bills which you have got ready, and it being a Time of the Year when your Presence may be required in the Country, about your private Affairs; I do therefore think proper, to prorogue the General Assembly, and the General Assembly is hereby prorogued, to Tuesday the 5th Day of June next.

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LONDON, MARCH 6.

EXACTLY at one this afternoon, the Right Hon. the Lord-Mayor and Aldermen came into the Common-Hall. Two of our City Members were present; the other two, viz. Sir Robert Ladbroke, and Mr. Harley, absented themselves. After the usual ceremonies of opening the hall, &c. were ended, the Lord Mayor came forward, and told the Livery that he had convened this Common-Hall at their own request, and by the advice of the Common-Council, to give them an opportunity to debate and act on great and arduous matters; that the Common-Hall was the great general assembly of all orders, was the supreme court of the whole city, and included every distinct power of the citizens. He then, in a very proper and masterly manner, exhorted them to preserve the strictest order and decorum, in order to avoid giving the slightest pretence for abuse to those ministerial writers who were hired to traduce the citizens, and represent them as the *scum* of the earth, which those writers had already so often done: He lamented the insult and disgrace which the people of England now suffered, through the infamous practices of a Ministry, who paid these hirelings with the money of the people they were employed to abuse. He observed, that the memorial of the Livery to the Common-Council, contained that great comprehensive violation of the Right of Election; to preserve which right, the Crown had been justly taken from JAMES the SECOND, and had been placed by the people of England on the head of WILLIAM the THIRD, and conferred on his Majesty's family. He said, that the corruption of the people's representatives was the cause and foundation of all our grievances. That we have now only the name of a Parliament without the substance. He observed how improper it was for Placemen and Pensioners to sit in the House of Commons; for if a man was not fit to be a Juryman or a Judge in a cause where he was interested, how much less to be a Senator, and justify his peculation. He complained of the unequal and inadequate representation of the people, by means of the little, rotten, paltry boroughs.

When the Lord Mayor had concluded, there was a very great and continued shout.

Mr. Lovell then came forward, and made a very judicious speech to the Livery. He reminded them, how egregiously their late chief magistrate had been trifled with, and insulted by his Majesty's ministers about their petition, both before its being delivered and after. He told them, that the city not having been honoured by his Majesty with an answer, and the same sort of bad men and bad measures still prevailing and increasing, it was necessary now to send up a Remonstrance. He concluded with saying, that, "*Before the Throne can be established in Righteousness, the Wicked must be removed from the Presence of the King.*" He then said, the Committee had prepared a Remonstrance, which, if it was their pleasure, he would deliver to the Lord Mayor, to be by him delivered to the proper officer to be read to them.

The Livery testifying their approbation, Mr. Lovell delivered the Remonstrance to the Lord Mayor, and the Lord Mayor to the Common Serjeant.

The Common Serjeant then put the question, whether it should be read: Which being unanimously agreed to, Sir James Hodges, Town-Clerk, came forward, and read it properly and distinctly.

The ADDRESS and REMONSTRANCE of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, Common Council, and Livery of the City of London, in Common-Hall assembled.

To the KING's Most EXCELLENT MAJESTY.

May it please your Majesty,

WE have already in our Petition dutifully represented to your Majesty, the chief injuries we have sustained. We are unwilling to believe that your Majesty can slight the desires of your people, or be regardless of their affection, and deaf to their complaints, yet their complaints remain unanswered; their injuries are confirmed: And the only judge whom the revolution has left removable at the pleasure of the Crown, has been dismissed from his high office, for defending in Parliament the law and the constitution. We therefore venture once more to *address* ourselves to your Majesty, as to the father of your people, as to him who must be both able and willing to redress our grievances: And we repeat our application with the greater propriety, because we see the instruments of Our Wrongs, who have carried into execution the measures of which we complain, more particularly distinguished by your Majesty's royal bounty and favour.

Under the same secret and malignant influence, which, through each successive administration, has defeated every good, and suggested every bad intention, the majority of the House of Commons have deprived your people of their dearest rights.

They have done a deed, more ruinous in its consequences than the levying of ship-money by Charles the First, or the dispensing power assumed by James the Second. A deed which must vitiate all the future proceedings of this Parliament; for the acts of the legislature itself can no more be valid, without a legal House of Commons, than without a legal Prince upon the throne.

Representatives of the people are essential to the making of laws; and there is a time when it is morally demonstrable that men cease to be Representatives. That time is now arrived. The present House of Commons do not represent the people. We owe to your Majesty an obedience, under the restrictions of the laws, for the calling and duration of Parliaments: And your Majesty owes to us, that our representation, free from the force of arms or corruption, should be preserved to us in them.

It was for this we successfully struggled under James the Second; for this we seated and have faithfully supported your Majesty's Family on the throne.

The people have been invariably uniform in their object; though the different mode of attack has called for a different defence.

Under James the Second they complained, that the sitting of Parliament *was* interrupted, because it was *not* corruptly subservient enough to his designs. We complain now, that the sitting of *this* Parliament is *not* interrupted, because it *is* corruptly too subservient to the designs of your Majesty's Ministers. Had the Parliament under James the Second been as submissive to his commands, as it is at this day to the dictates of a Minister, instead of clamour for its meeting, the nation would have rung, as now, with outcries for its dissolution. The forms of the Constitution, like those of Religion, were not established for the form's sake; but for the substance. And we call God and men to witness, that as we do not owe our Liberty to those nice and subtle distinctions, which places and pensions, and lucrative employments have invented; so neither will we be cheated of it by them: But as it was gained by the stern virtue of our Ancestors, by the virtue of their Descendants it shall be preserved.

Since therefore the misdeeds of your Majesty's Ministers in violating the Freedom of Election, and depraving the noble Constitution of Parliaments are notorious, as well as subversive of the fundamental laws and liberties of this realm; and since your Majesty, both in honour and justice, is obliged inviolably to preserve them according to the oath made to God, and your subjects, at your Coronation: We your Remonstrants assure ourselves that your Majesty will restore the Constitutional Government and Quiet of your People, by dissolving this Parliament, and removing those evil Ministers for ever from your Councils.

This Remonstrance was received with very long and continued acclamations. It was then read by Sir James a second time with the same effect.

Mr. Lovell then gave the following written motions to the Lord Mayor, who gave them to the Common Serjeant: They were successively put to the Livery, and carried.

1. That a Copy of this Address and Remonstrance be fairly transcribed, signed by the Town-Clerk, and presented to his Majesty.

2. That the Sheriffs immediately wait upon his Majesty to learn when he will please to receive the same.

3. That the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor, and our other Representatives in Parliament, attended by our Sheriffs, Common-Council, Recorder, and every proper Officer of the Citizens of London, be desired to present the same.

Then these two Motions were made by a Liveryman.

4. That the Thanks of the Livery be given to their Chairman, and Committee, for their conduct in this important business.

5. That we do ratify and confirm the acts of the Committee.

Moved by Mr. Lovell.

6. That the thanks of the Livery be returned to the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, for his distinguished, spirited, and patriotic conduct.

One hand, and one only, was held up against the first question, it was apprehended to be by mistake; but Mr. ------- declaring it to be his opinion, and not by mistake, the Livery made a lane for

him to come forward, and ſpeak, if he had any reaſon to give againſt it; but he contented himſelf with holding up his hand alone againſt the ſecond queſtion alſo. The other queſtions paſſed unanimouſly. The gentleman who ſeconded the motion of thanks to the Committee, congratulated the Livery that they had ſuch men amongſt them, who were not to be brow-beaten or bullied. He then informed them of Mr. Harley's threats and treatment of the Committee at the laſt Common Council.

Great care had been taken to ſuffer none but Liverymen to be in the Hall; that care ſucceeded, and the conſequence of it was viſible in the great decorum obſerved; ſo that one ſingle man was able, without the leaſt incivility, to declare his diſſent from ſo prodigious a concourſe of the Livery.

At half an hour paſt two, the Common-Hall was adjourned.

When the Committee of the Livery were called in to the Common Council to preſent their memorial for a Common-Hall, Mr. Harley aſked them, whether they would dare to avow it at the bar of the Houſe of Commons? He demanded of them ſeparately, whether they would acknowledge their names to be written by them? To which Mr. Bull (the late candidate for Broad-ſtreet ward) replied, that he did acknowledge his name to be written by himſelf, and if it would be any ſatisfaction to Mr. Harley, he would write the whole memorial and ſign his name to it before him: And that he would be ready to avow it and its contents before any bar or power upon earth.

It is certain that the reſolution of the Livery of London to preſent a remonſtrance to the throne, has put our virtuous miniſtry into the utmoſt conſternation; of which there were the moſt evident teſtimonies in a late council.

It is conjectured that if the remonſtrances preparing to be delivered to his Majeſty are near ſo numerous as the petitions have been, that the parliament will be diſſolved; eſpecially if the leading cities are ſpirited.

It is rumoured that ſome important ſecrets have juſt been dragged to light relative to the expenditure of a large ſum of the national treaſure, through the indefatigable zeal of two noble Lords, and three patriotic Commoners.

It is ſaid that ſeveral complimentary cards were ſent on Saturday laſt from the adminiſtration to a certain Alderman, whom few people either fear or love.

The Houſe of Commons did not break up laſt night till paſt eleven o'clock, when the farther inveſtigation of American affairs was poſtponed to another occaſion.

We hear all the late duties in America will be repealed, except thoſe on tea.

The numbers laſt night in a certain Aſſembly for continuing the Tea duty in America, were 204 againſt 142.

It has been remarked of King Charles the Firſt and Second, who perhaps cared as little for their ſubjects as any monarchs who ever ſat on the Engliſh throne, that when petitions or remonſtrances were preſented, they always deigned to give ſome kind of anſwer.

The politics of a certain foreign court, with reſpect to their deſign in the Eaſt-Indies, has been diſcovered, and their plan ſent over hither for the conſideration of the miniſtry; who, we are informed, are not a little perplexed what part to purſue, or what meaſures to adopt with regard to it.

His Excellency General Melvill ſailed from Plymouth harbour the 27th ult. for his government of the Granades, &c.

CHARLES-TOWN, APRIL 24.

ON Monday Se'nnight, at the Election of Pariſh Officers, the following Gentlemen were elected for St. Michael's Pariſh, viz.

Meſſrs. Edmund Head, and Robert Stott, *Church-Wardens*.

Meſſrs. James Parſons, Robert Pringle, William Bampfield, Edward Lightwood, Iſaac Motte, Peter Leger, and Joſhua Ward, *Veſtry-Men*.

The ſame Day, at the Court of General Seſſions, &c. which began here, of Twenty-three Bills delivered to the Grand-Jury Thirteen were found; William Fuſt, and Chriſtopher Davis, indicted for Murder, were found guilty, but recommended to Mercy. Ronald McDonald being indicted for the Murder of William Mackenzie, the Jury returned a ſpecial Verdict, "That "the Priſoner was *inſane*, deprived of Memory and Underſtand-"ing at the Time of killing the ſaid Mackenzie, and ever ſince." Thomas Lee, and Patrick Hewes, were found guilty of Petit Larceny; Thomas Brown, of Horſe-ſtealing; Sweeny Gordon, of an Aſſault and Attempt to kill ——— Mitchell, by cutting his Throat and Side with a Razor. Five others for Aſſaults, were found guilty, and two acquitted; Thomas Liddle was convicted of uttering a counterfeit Dollar. On Thurſday the Buſineſs of the Seſſions was finiſhed, and the Court adjourned to this Day.

Tueſday laſt, at the Anniverſary Meeting of the South-Carolina Society, the following Officers were choſen for the enſuing Year, viz. Mr. William Savage, Steward; Mr. Paul Townſend, Senior Warden; Mr. John Paul Grimke, Junior Warden; Mr. John Neufville, Treaſurer; Samuel Prioleau, Eſq; Clerk; Mr. James M'Call, and Mr. Robert Muncreef, Conſtables.

The ſame Day John Stuart, Eſq; his Majeſty's Superintendant of Indian Affairs, returned here from the Congarees, where he had been to hold a Congreſs with the Indians; as alſo Sir William Draper, and the other Gentlemen who accompanied him thither.

Wedneſday laſt, being the Day on which our worthy and never to be forgotten Friend, *John Wilkes*, Eſq; was to be releaſed from Miniſterial Confinement, the ſame was celebrated here by ringing of Bells and other Demonſtrations of Joy; and at 45 Minutes after Six o'Clock in the Evening, Ninety-Two Members of CLUB FORTY-FIVE, met at the Houſe of Mr. Robert Dillon, when 26 Candles preceded the Proceſſion at 45 Minutes after Seven o'Clock to a Room where 45 Candles were lighted, and an elegant Entertainment provided on the Occaſion. After Supper 45 loyal and patriotic Toaſts were drank, and at 45 Minutes after Twelve o'Clock, the whole concluded with that Loyalty and Decency becoming the true Sons of Freedom.——At Night many Houſes in Town were handſomly illuminated.

"Wedneſday the 18th, being the Day that *John Wilkes*, Eſq; (that ſtaunch Friend and Advocate for Liberty) was to obtain his Enlargement from his long and cruel Impriſonment, the ſame was celebrated by a Company of FORTY-FIVE Perſons, at the Houſe of Captain BENJAMIN STONE, on James-Iſland, when Forty-five Cannon were fired at different Times---an elegant Entertainment of Forty-five Diſhes was provided, among which was a Turtle of Forty-five Pounds Weight---Forty-five loyal and conſtitutional Toaſts were drank; and at Night the Front of the Houſe was illuminated with Forty-five Candles. The whole was conducted with the utmoſt Decorum, well befitting ſo happy an Occaſion, and at Forty-five Minutes paſt Eleven at Night the Company broke up, to the great Satisfaction of all Parties."

Friday laſt his Excellency William Tryon, Eſq; Governor of North-Carolina, with his Lady, accompanied by ſeveral Gentlemen of that Province, arrived here by Land from Brunſwick.

The Rev. Hezekiah Smith, who ſailed on Sunday laſt, in the Sloop Sally, Jeſſe Hunt, Maſter, for New-York, we hear has collected, and got ſubſcribed, in this Province and Georgia, Five Hundred and Thirty Pounds, Two Shillings and Six-Pence Sterling, for the College in Rhode-Iſland.

Yeſterday being *St. George's Day*, the Society of that Name, met at the Houſe of Mr. Robert Dillon, when the following Officers were choſen for the enſuing Year, viz. William Burrows, Eſq; Preſident; Mr. William Bampfield, and Mr. Plowden Weſton, Wardens; Hopkin Price, Eſq; Treaſurer; Mr. William Maxwell, Secretary; Mr. Thomas Fullalove, and Mr. Jonathan Cooke, Stewards.

This Day his Majeſty's Packet Boat the Swallow, Captain Wauchop, arrived here in 41 Days from Falmouth, who brings an Account of the Repeal of that Part of an Act of Parliament which laid a Duty on Paper, Glaſs, and Painters Colours, imported into America.

The Ship Polly and Betſey, Capt. Brewton, from Georgia for London, was loſt in a Gale of Wind on the Coaſt of England.—The Captain and all the Crew, except two, periſhed.

When the General Aſſembly was prorogued, the following Bills had been read, and were under Conſideration, viz.

A BILL *for founding, erecting and endowing* Public Schools, *and a* College, *for the Education of Youth in this Province.*

A BILL *for eſtabliſhing ſeveral* Pariſhes *in the Interior and on the Frontier Parts of this Province; and for altering the Bounds of the Pariſhes of* St. Matthew, St. David, *and* St. George, Dorcheſter: *And for eſtabliſhing a Line to divide the Pariſh of* St. Philip, Charles-Town, *from the Pariſhes of* St. Andrew *and* St. James, Gooſe-Creek.

A BILL *for regulating the Inſpection and Exportation of* Tobacco *and* Flour, *and for granting a Bounty on Flour.*

A BILL *for the better ordering and governing of* Free Negroes, Mulattoes, *and* Muſtees, *in this Province.*

A BILL *for raiſing and granting to his Majeſty the Sum of* 47,260l. 11s. 10d. *and applying the Sum of* 30,084l. 5s. 1d. *being the Ballance of ſeveral Funds in the public Treaſury, making together the Sum of* 77,344l. 16s. 11d. *to defray the Charges of this Government from the firſt Day of* January *to the thirty-firſt Day of* December, 1769, *both Days inclusive, and for other Services therein mentioned.*

DIED.] Stephen Mazyck, Eſq; of St. John's Pariſh.

No Entries could be obtained for this Day's Gazette.

Price of RICE, 45s. per 100 lb.

READY MONEY given for *clean* OLD and NEW LINEN RAGS, by the Printer hereof.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHEREAS by an Act of the General Aſſembly of this Province, Commiſſioners are therein appointed for building a Powder Magazine at Hobcaw Point, and another on Charles-Town Neck: This is therefore to give Notice, to any Perſon or Perſons, who are willing to undertake the building of the ſaid Magazines, and find all the Materials for the ſame, agreeable to a Plan, to be ſeen in the Hands of the Subſcriber, that they do give in their Propoſals, on or before Monday the 31ſt of April, Inſtant, in order to be laid before the ſaid Commiſſioners.

April 21, 1770. THOMAS FARR, jun.

NICHOLAS LANGFORD, Bookſeller, on the Bay, informs the Public, That his Sale of Books by Auction, will begin preciſely at Four o'Clock To-morrow Afternoon, and the ſame Hour the next Day.

To be SOLD by private Sale,
(Any Day after Wedneſday *the 2d of* May *next,)*
A few prime Plantation SLAVES.
Enquire of the Printer.

TO BE SOLD by Auction, on Thurſday *the Third of* May *next, at the uſual Place in* Charles-Town,

A LOT of LAND in Church-Street, next to Dr. Bulline's, containing Twenty-four Feet in Front, and One Hundred and Forty Feet in Depth; with an old Shop thereon, in which Mr. John Milner uſed to follow the Gunſmith's Buſineſs. Twelve Months Credit will be given, paying Intereſt, and giving approved Security.

Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe at private Sale, may treat with CHARLES WARHAM.

To be SOLD by the Subſcribers,
At Blewford, *the 28th Day of* May *next,*
ALL the Perſonal ESTATE of MARY BEARMAN, deceaſed, conſiſting of four valuable Slaves, ſome Horſes, Cattle, and Houſhold Goods. The Conditions of the Sale will be Credit, for all Sums above Ten Pounds, till the Firſt of January, 1771, paying Intereſt from the Day of Sale, and giving approved Security, if required, to

JOHN COUTURIER,
PHILIP WILLIAMS, } *Executors.*

TURKS-ISLAND SALT,
JUST arrived in the Schooner EXPERIMENT, Captain EDWARD DARRELL, and to be ſold on board the ſaid Schooner, lying at Eveleigh's Wharf. Apply to JOSIAH SMITH, jun.

To be SOLD at Public Vendue,
On Tueſday *the 29th Day of* May *next, at the Plantation of Mr.* WILLIAM COACHMAN, *deceaſed,*
A Stock of fine Black Cattle, Horſes, Sheep, and Hogs; Canoes, and one large well rigged and decked Schooner: Alſo a Parcel of good Bricks, on a Landing, with all his Houſhold-Furniture.——All Sums as far as Twenty Pounds to be CASH, and all above, Credit will be given to the firſt Day of January next, paying Intereſt from the Day of Sale, and giving ſuch Security as ſhall be approved of. All Perſons having any Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are deſired to make them known.

JAMES COACHMAN, *Executor.*

THE Subſcriber hereby forewarns all Perſons not to credit any one whatever, without Exception, on his Account, unleſs they bring with them a written Order from himſelf, he being determined to pay no Debts that ſhall be ſo contracted, after this Twenty-third Day of April, 1770.

JOSEPH CREIGHTON.

RUN-AWAY, the 20th Inſtant, from Charles-Town, a NEGRO WOMAN, named DAPHNE, this Country born, late the Property of *Alice Colt*: She is very black, and well made, about twenty Years of Age: Had on when ſhe went away a green Negro Cloth Jacket and Coat, and is ſuppoſed to be gone to John Izard, Eſqr's. Plantation, at Combahee, where ſhe has a huſband. Whoever delivers the ſaid Negro to me, at St. Helena, ſhall receive Five Pounds Reward; or to the Warden of the Workhouſe, ſhall receive Three Pounds Reward, and all reaſonable Charges. WILLIAM FRIPP.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WHEREAS at a Court of General Seſſions of the Peace, Oyer and Terminer, Aſſize and General Goal Delivery, begun and holden at *Charles-Town*, on Monday the 16th Day of *April* inſtant, *John Allſton, Thomas Radcliffe*, ſen. and *Martin Campbell*, being duly ſummoned and returned to ſerve as GRAND JURORS, and *Thomas Hartley, John Auſtin, Samuel Wainwright, Jonathan Sarazin, Edward Wilkinſon, James Graham, Benjamin Mazyck, Robert Croft, Thomas Stinſon*, and *Guerrard Fitzpatrick*, as PETIT JURORS, made Default, and were noted for Non-appearance: THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, That the former will be fined in the Sum of TEN POUNDS Proclamation Money each, and the latter in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS like Money each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively make good and ſufficient Excuſes, upon Oath, for their Non-attendance, on or before the Monday immediately preceding the ſecond Tueſday in *May* next.

JAMES JOHNSTON, C. C. & P.

Crown-Office, April 17, 1770.

Charles-Town, April 24, 1770.

THE Subſcriber deſires and adviſes all Perſons indebted to NATHANIEL BLUNDELL, who lately kept a Store at *Bear-Bluff*, and at *Saltketcher*, to diſcharge the ſame without Delay, as he is fully determined to ſue for every Debt that ſhall remain unpaid, or not ſettled to his Satisfaction, before the 20th of *June* next.

ROBERT RAPER, *Aſſignee.*

THE ANNIVERSARY of the JACKSONBOROUGH LODGE, will be celebrated at *Jackſonborough*, on TUESDAY the firſt Day of *May* next, when the Members are deſired to attend early in the Lodge-Room, thence to proceed to St. Bartholomew's Chapel, where Divine Service will be performed by the Rev. Brother PANTING, and afterwards to dine at Mr. Lazarus Brown's.

The Company of *Viſiting Brethren* will be eſteemed a Favour.

For LONDON, or OPORTO,
The BRIG GEORGE,
ALVARA LOFTHOUSE, Maſter.
(Burthen about 75 Tons)
FOR Freight or Paſſage, apply to the ſaid Maſter, or
ALEXANDER GILLON.

To be SOLD,
A Very honeſt NEGRO FELLOW, who is a good Sawyer and Caulker: Alſo two Negro Wenches, one of whom is middle aged, is a good Waſher and plain Cook; the other a young Wench, who has been uſed to attend about Houſe. Enquire of the Printer.

FOR SALE,
A Valuable MUSTEE WENCH, with her three Children, one of which is a handy Girl, the other two are ſmall. The ſaid Wench is a very good Sempſtreſs, can waſh, cook, and make up moſt Kinds of Paſtry. Her Maſter living in the Country, and having no proper Employment for her, is the principal Reaſon of her being offered for Sale. For further Particulars, apply to
JOSIAH SMITH, jun.

TO BE SOLD, on Tueſday the firſt Day of May next, at the Vendue-Houſe in Charles-Town,

A Tract of Land, containing 600 Acres of very good Cypreſs Swamp, on which are Cypreſs Trees of five and ſix Feet through, as alſo Oak and Pine Trees of three and four Feet through; the ſaid Land is good for Corn and Indico, and is very handy to a Landing on Savannah-River. THOMAS CAPERS.

LEFT on Mr. Champneys's Wharf, on Saturday the 14th Inſtant, a SILVER WATCH, China Dial-Plate, Maker's Name THOMAS GRAPE, *London*, N°. 175.—Had a Piece of black Ribbon, with two Watch Keys to it, one of them broke. Whoever has found the ſame, and will bring it to the Printing-Office in *Elliott-Street*, ſhall receive a reaſonable Reward. If offered for Sale, it is requeſted to be ſtopt, and Information given as above.

RUN-AWAY, on Tueſday the 13th of February, 1770, an Apprentice Lad, named LEWIS HILL, by Trade a Sadler, and is about ſeventeen Years of Age: Had on when he went away a Fuſtian Coat, Nankeen Jacket and Breeches. It is ſuppoſed he was enticed away by his Brother, *Burly Hill*, of Black-River, as he was ſeen on the Road with him the ſame Night he went off. A Reward of Ten Pounds Currency will be paid to any Perſon who takes up the ſaid Apprentice, and ſecures him in the Workhouſe: And a further Reward of Twenty Pounds Currency will be given to any one that can prove his being harboured by the ſaid Burly Hill, or any other Perſon, as I am determined to proſecute them to the utmoſt Rigour of the Law.

WILLIAM EDWARDS.

JAMES BREMAR, TAYLOR, begs Leave to inform the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, That he carries on the Taylor's Buſineſs in all its Branches, at his Shop oppoſite to the Beef-Market; and though he has lately begun Buſineſs, he flatters himſelf that he ſhall be able to give Satisfaction to all thoſe who may pleaſe to employ him, not only with Regard to the executive Part, but alſo with the Reaſonableneſs of his Charges.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,
TWO ſingle ſober MEN, who are well ſkilled in the Shoe-Making Buſineſs. Any Perſons, qualified as above, will meet with Employment and good Wages, by applying to JOSEPH FRIZER, in St. Thomas's Pariſh.

AN OVERSEER, who thoroughly underſtands the Planting of River Swamp, is wanted immediately.—A Man ſo qualified, with a ſufficient Character, and no other need apply, will meet with great Encouragement. ROBERT WELLS.

Messrs. JOHN SKETCHLEY, & Co.

OF GOSPORT;

BEG Leave to acquaint their Friends in the Carolina Trade, that they have at a very great Expence added to their former conveniencies three commodious STORE-HOUSES built with Brick and Tile, the largeſt of which is intended to ſtart Rice in, when the weather is unſettled.

This, with a draught of fourteen feet, at low water, cloſe to their Wharf, where Veſſels ly always afloat, makes it one of the moſt convenient in England for large Ships as well as ſmall Veſſels.

And being otherways on a footing with any other Wharf in this Trade, they ſhall be much obliged to the Gentlemen concerned therein for the favour of their Orders, which ſhall be executed with the greateſt Care, Diligence and Diſpatch.

JACOB HOOD,

(Lately arrived in this Town from New-York)

PROPOSES to teach the GERMAN FLUTE and VIOLIN. Any Gentlemen that will favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend he will do all that lies in his Power to give them Satisfaction.

N. B. He may be found at the Corner-Houſe, next Door to the Sign of the Unicorn, King-ſtreet.

For SALE at private Contract,

A Valuable plantation or tract of LAND, containing 500 acres, known by the name of the Fork of the Roads, being at the interſection of the roads from Neilſon's ferry, and from Congarees, to Charles-Town, about 50 miles from ſaid town, being very commodiouſly ſituated for a ſtore, tavern, or tradeſman, and has been many years ſucceſſfully occupied as ſuch, having thereon a good dwelling-houſe, ſtore-houſe, kitchen, ſtable, and other out-houſes, a ſufficient quantity of cleared land, under good fence, of the beſt quality for the culture of corn, oats, wheat, hemp, or any thing elſe for the ſupply thereof. The above plantation is ſo well known to be as well adapted to public buſineſs as any country ſeat in the province, that it needs no further deſcription. Alſo,

A plantation on Waſſamſaw, containing 600 acres of exceeding good land for rice, corn, indico, &c. whereon William M'Kelvey lately lived, on which is a good dwelling-houſe, and other neceſſary out-buildings, and a large quantity of land cleared, and under good fence, the ſaid tract of 600 acres of land has been ſurveyed above 60 years, and is as good a tract as any of that quantity on Waſſamſaw; one years credit from the day of purchaſe will be given.

Likewiſe to be let, for one or more years, that pleaſant, healthy and profitable plantation, known by the name of Eutaw on the main road from Charles Town to Congarees, 55 miles from ſaid town, whereon is a large two ſtory brick houſe, and other neceſſary out-buildings, and a large quantity of good cleared land under fence, fit for planting any thing neceſſary for the plantation uſe, as alſo for indico and hemp. The ſaid houſe is well known to have been an excellent ſtage for many years paſt for a tavern, being exceeding well ſituated for the accommodation of travellers, and one of the beſt and largeſt ſprings in the province.

If the above tract of 500 acres, called the Fork of the Road, is not diſpoſed of at private ſale by the 29th of June next, it will then be diſpoſed of at public vendue on the ſpot. For further particulars, enquire of

JAMES M'KELVEY. or
ROBERT M'KELVEY.

WANTED on Purchaſe, for which the Money will be paid on the Delivery,

A NEGRO GIRL, between the Age of 12 and 20 Years, to attend about a Houſe in the Country. Any Perſon having ſuch a one to diſpoſe of, muſt enquire of the Printer.

Charles-Town, April 12, 1770.

RUN-AWAY on Sunday laſt, from the ſubſcriber's plantation (late JAMES CHRISTIE's) at Beach-Hill, a negro fellow named BALIPHO, about 20 years of age, five feet nine inches high, ſtout made, had on when he went away a round robin, a light coloured frock, and over it a flowered linen gown.—Whoever ſecures him, and brings him to the warden of the work-houſe, or to me at my lodgings at Mr. *Bonnetheau's* in Church-ſtreet, ſhall receive Ten pounds if a white perſon, or Five if a negro.

THOMAS KNIGHTON.

N. B. He has a wife on the Rev. Mr. *Martin's* plantation, where he has been ſeen ſince his elopement.

Congarees, November 20, 1769.

The following STRAYS have been produced before me, to be advertiſed, VIZ.

A Dapple gray GELDING, about ſeven years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder TC, and on the off buttock IC: He is a natural trotter, and about thirteen hands high.—Taken up in the fork of Broad and Saludy-Rivers, and advertiſed by JACOB EBNER.

A black GELDING, about ten years old, with a ſtar in his forehead, branded on the mounting ſhoulder WI, and on the mounting buttock SN, and IB reverſed: He is a natural trotter, and about thirteen hands high.—Taken up on the Congaree-Creek, and advertiſed by WILLIAM HARVEY.

A gray GELDING, about ſeven years old, branded on the mounting ſhoulder 3: He is a natural trotter, and about thirteen hands high.—Taken up in the fork of Broad and Saludy-Rivers, and advertiſed by CHRISTOPHER SHARP.

A yellow bay GELDING, about ſix or ſeven years old, with a ſnip on his noſe, branded on the mounting buttock ♈M, and has a ſcar on one of his thighs: He is a natural trotter, with a long mane and ſwitch tail, near thirteen hands high.—Taken up at the Congarees, and advertiſed by NATHAN CENTER.

A brown bay HORSE, about thirteen hands high, branded on the mounting ſhould JN in one, and on the mounting buttock S, and on the off ſhoulder with a figure of 3 in a circle.—Taken up near Cedar-Creek, and advertiſed by JACOB ROGERS.

Alſo an iron gray GELDING, twelve hands and an half high, about ſix years old, and branded on the mounting ſhoulder and buttock WL.—Taken up in the fork between the Congaree and Wateree-Rivers, and advertiſed by JOHN COOK.

The owners of the above ſtrays, muſt apply in the time preſcribed by law, and prove their property before

PHILIP PEARSON, J. P.

For SALE at the ſubſcriber's cowpen near Red Bank;

ABOUT five hundred head of COWS and CALVES. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, may treat with the ſubſcriber at his plantation at Ponpon, or Mr. THOMAS FULLALOVE, in Charles-Town.

WILLSON COOK.

TO BE SOLD by the Subſcriber,

A Valuable tract of LAND, in St. Paul's pariſh, containing 433 acres, adjoining lands of Thomas Bee, and Thomas Ferguſon, Eſqrs, and of Mrs. Hayne, about one mile front on Ponpon river, near three fourths of which is ſwamp land, a great part flowable from the river, 100 acres of which is already cleared, and 70 of it damed in, very ſuitable for rice, and may be planted the enſuing ſpring.—Any perſon inclining to purchaſe the ſaid tract, may apply to Mr. James Donnom, or to the ſubſcriber, at Ponpon.

JOSEPH BEE.

MESSRS. SHACKELFORD & LUPTAN having aſſigned over ſundry Bonds and Notes to us the Subſcribers, for the Benefit of their Creditors, we give this public Notice, that all ſuch Bonds and Notes, that are not diſcharged by the firſt day of June next, will be then put into an Attorney's Hands, and ſued for immediately.

THOMAS SHUBRICK,
GEORGE INGLIS.

JOHN BOOTH,

HAS to diſpoſe of at his ſtore the corner of Beadon's-alley, in Elliott-ſtreet;

SUPERFINE broad-cloths, and Yorkſhire ditto, ſhalloons, tammies, durants, crimſon ſhag, oznabrugs, heſſens, brown rolls, Iriſh linens, garlix, cotton, ſtript and brown hollands, plain and ſtriped camblets, long, clear, and piſtol lawns, cambricks, white ſarſenet, black alamode, and India taffaty, purple, green, ſtraw coloured, and black India perſians; very handſome black and white bed patterns, India chints, calicoes and printed linens, Scots threads, Liſle, oznabrug, and coloured ditto, white, and coloured ſilk laces, bobbin, nonſopretties, tapes, gartering, check, coloured handkerchiefs, pigtail, cut and dry tobacco, pound pins, ſpices, ſtarch and fig blue; a neat aſſortment of horn and ivory combs, with or without caſes, tortoiſe ſhell ditto, Buffler's drinking horns, tipt or lined with ſilver, ſhoemaker's thread, diſper, fine white chints and muſlins, cypreſs gauze, beſt Florence fallad oil, linſeed ditto in jugs; a few boxes of ſhort pipes, broad hoes, axes, nails of all ſorts, men and womens thread and cotton ſtockings; with a variety of other articles, which will be ſold for caſh, or ſhort credit. 6 w.

RUN-AWAY in November laſt, a nego fellow named GEORGE, he has been uſed to going in a boat as patroon, ſo that he is well known about Cooper and Wando-rivers, likewiſe at John's-Iſland and Ponpon; he is a little old fellow, talks much, and has a caſt in his eyes. Whoever takes up and delivers him to the warden of the Work-houſe, ſhall have TWENTY POUNDS reward. Any perſon giving information of his being harboured by a white perſon, ſhall on conviction of the offender, receive FIFTY POUNDS, or if harboured by a negro, TEN POUNDS. If the ſaid negro fellow GEORGE, will come home of his own accord, he ſhall be forgiven.

JOHN MARLEY.

TO BE SOLD or LEASED,

In ſmall Tracts, and on reaſonable Terms;

TWO Baronies of Land, one on the head of *Black* River, the other on the north ſide of *Pedee* River, adjoining to Catfiſh Creek, both in Craven county, the property of *Nicholas Linwood* and *William Baker*, Eſqrs. of London. The aforeſaid Baronies contain large tracts of exceedingly fine Oak and Hickory Swamp and Marſh Lands, extremely proper for the culture of Rice, Corn, Indico, Wheat, Hemp, and every other article to which the climate is adapted. The Plats may be ſeen in the hands of Mr. *James Thompſon*, deputy ſurveyor.

ALSO,

ABOUT twelve thouſand Acres of Land, on the head of Combahee-river, known by the name of *Saltketcher* Barony, the property of the gentleman above mentioned: The ſwamp on this Barony, is allowed to be exceeding fine, there is a ſufficiency of very good high land on each ſide, proper for Corn and Indico, on which commodious Settlements may be made.

LIKEWISE,

A Part of the Barony in Granville county, known by the name of *Jaſper's Barony*, adjoining lands of Colonel Heyward, and other ſettlements on the Euhaws. The plat is to be ſeen in the hands of Mr. William Maine.

Credit will be given for the above lands, the purchaſers paying intereſt from the day of ſale, and giving approved ſecurity. PAUL TRAPIER, DAVID DEAS, JOHN DEAS, } Attornies for *Nicholas Linwood*, and *William Baker*, Eſqrs.

PHILIP HAWKINS, & Co.

HAVE imported in the MERMAID, *Captain* BALL,

A LARGE aſſortment of oſnabrugs, low priced Iriſh linens and ſheeting, 3 4th and 7 8th garlix, with other coarſe German goods, which will be ſold by the quantity as low as they are uſually imported. Alſo a quantity of Beaume de Vie, and Turlington in vials.

THOMAS EAKINS, of Turky-Creek, informs me of a ſmall dark brown MARE, two years old, with a blaze in her face, not branded.

THOMAS MORRIS informs me of a ſmall roan HORSE, about ſix years old, a natural trotter, and branded on the mounting thigh with an obſcure brand, ſomething reſembling this C W. The owners of the above ſtrays, muſt prove their proverty before JOHN BROWN, J. P.

MR. HUMPHRY SOMMERS informs me of his having taken from a Negro, who cannot give a proper account of himſelf, a bay coloured HORSE, about thirteen hands high, branded on the off ſhoulder like SN, and which he apprehends to have been ſtolen. The owner muſt prove his property before JOHN TROUP, J. P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

JAMES RIDDLE, *who is in cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal, by virtue of ſeven Writs of* Capias ad Reſpondendum, *one at the ſuit of* John Poaug, *one at the ſuit of* Edward Mortimer, *one at the ſuit of* William Price, *one at the ſuit of* John Braund, Michael Kaltieſon, & John Marley, *one at the ſuit of* John Torrans & John Poaug, *one at the ſuit of* Henry Futhy, *and one at the ſuit of* Samuel Beatty, *having petitioned the honourable the Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of Common-Pleas, that he may be admitted to the benefit of the act made for the relief of inſolvent debtors:*

IT IS ORDERED, *That the ſaid* John Poaug, Edward Mortimer, William Price, John Braund, Michael Kaltieſon, & John Marley, John Torrans & John Poaug, Henry Futhy, *and* Samuel Beatty, *and all others to whom the ſaid petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have notice, to appear at the uſual place of judicature, at the firſt ſitting of the Court of Common-Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen three months after the publication hereof, to ſhew cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid petitioner ſhould not have the prayer of his petition granted.*

Thomas Elfe, John Calvert, *and* John Torrans & John Poaug, *to whom part of the petitioner's eſtate is under mortgage, are ſummoned to be and appear, at the time and place abovementioned, to render an account, upon oath, of what is really and* bona fide *due upon the ſaid mortgages, upon pain of having the ſame deemed fraudulent.*

D. CAMPBELL, *C. C. P.*

Pleas-Office, April 2, 1770.

Brought to the WORK-HOUSE.

May 19, 1769. A mulatto fellow, calls himſelf *James*, ſays he was born in Jamaica, and belonged to Mrs. *Bonner*, ſhe dying, Mr. *Gibbes*, merchant, took him, and he believes ſold him to one Captain *Sangſter*, he dying on his paſſage to *Liverpool*, imagined himſelf free, as no one claimed him, ſhipped himſelf on board the Brig *Gambia*, Captain *Hudſon*, bound for the river *Gambia*, and continued twenty two months there, but on Captain *Davis*'s arrival ſhipped himſelf with him for *South-Carolina*; he is five feet five inches high, ſtrait limbed, pitted with the ſmall pox, and has a cut over his right eye. Taken up by one Mr. *Hughes*, as Mr. *Gibbes*'s property in *Jamaica*; but ſince has received the affidavits of Mr. *Palmer*, and Mr. *Philip Gibbes*, that the ſaid *James* is the property of Captain *Simple*, who uſes *Jamaica* from *London*.

Auguſt 1, 1769. A negro fellow, of the Guinea country, calls himſelf *Tom*, and ſays his maſter's name was *Miller*, a Dutchman, lived at Mr. *William Middleton*'s plantation, but died ſince he run-away; he is five feet three inches high, of a yelloviſh complexion, well ſet, carries the marks of an old offender; has on an old white negro cloth jacket, with blue lapells, oznabrug ſhirt, and white negro cloth breeches. Taken up at Mr. *Robert Rowand*'s plantation at *Stono*.

September 30, 1769. A mulatto fellow, calls himſelf *Monday*, ſays he belongs to Robert Lewis; he is five feet 5 inches high, marked on his right cheek R, and on his left L, has on a pea jacket, blue breeches, oznabrug ſhirt and trowſers; is the ſame fellow which is advertiſed in Mr. Timothy's paper. Taken up at Mr. M'Gaw's plantation at *Wando*.

October 11, 1769. A new negro fellow, cannot tell his own or maſter's name, nor his country, ſeems to be ſilly; he is 5 feet 2 inches high, yellow complexion, full faced, ſtout limbed, has a lump on his breaſt like a wart, alſo a ſcar on his left arm, has on nothing but a pair of white negro cloth breeches; the ſaid negro was taken from one *John Reynes*, a notorious villain, which the juſtice imagines he ſtole from the lower ſettlements, as he abſented himſelf on being detected with the ſaid negro, and going out of this province. Taken and ſent down by *Nicholas Frederick Meyer*, J. P. from *Long Canes*.

November 7, 1769. A new negro fellow, of the *Kiſhey* country, calls himſelf *Pompey*, but cannot or will not tell his maſter's name; he is 5 feet 5 inches high, yelloviſh complexion, full faced, his country marks on his forehead, a cut on his noſe, ears bored, wants two teeth in his upper jaw, alſo wants a piece of his thumb on his left hand; has on an old white negro cloth jacket, check ſhirt, and crocus breeches. Taken up near Mr. *Webb*'s plantation, *Congarees*.

December 14, 1769. A new negro fellow, of the Guinea country, calls himſelf *Jack*, ſays his maſter's name is *Livingſton*; he is five feet two inches high, of a black complexion, full faced, has big eyes, no beard, a cut on his left wriſt, and ſtrait limbed; has on an old ſhirt, and a pair of old leather breeches. Taken up by *Thomas Jackman*, at the *Four Holes*.

March 19, 1770. A new negro fellow, of the Angola country, calls himſelf *Dick*, but cannot or will not tell his maſter's name, he is five feet one inch high, of a black complexion, red eyed, full faced, long beard, one ear bored, his country marks on his back, well made, ſtout limbed, and has nothing but an old blanket. Taken up at Captain Hazzard's plantation, Indian Land.

April 12, 1770. Three new negroes, two of the Guinea country, and the other of the Banbara country, call themſelves, *Jupiter*, *Sambo* and *Tom*, but cannot tell their maſter's name to be underſtood.—*Jupiter* is five feet ten inches high, black complexion, thin viſage, red eyed, long beard, wants a tooth in his lower jaw, and has a ſmall lump on his left breaſt.——*Sambo* is five feet ten inches high, yelloviſh complexion, long beard, his country marks down each ſide of his face, and his left ear bored—*Tom* is five feet five inches high, black complexion, red eyed, thin viſage, ſmall beard, and a ſmall mole on his chin, both ears bored, and have all white negro cloth jackets and breeches, with buttons of the ſame; they alſo ſay their driver's name is *Sam*. Taken up at Mrs. Branford's plantation, Stono.

JOHN BROWN, WARDEN.

ROBERT WILSON begs Leave to acquaint the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, that the Partnerſhip of CARNE & WILSON, being expired, he now carries on the Buſineſs at the Old Shop on the Bay, near the Vendue-Houſe, which will continue to be ſupplied as amply and regularly as at any Time heretofore, and that their Orders will be ſpeedily and punctually executed.

☞ Boxes of MEDICINES made up as uſual, on the ſhorteſt Notice.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-Street.